

DRAFTED MEN  
WHO LEAVE ON 25TH.

Following is the list of those drawn in order of their serial number by the local board for Cochise county who will go to Camp Funston on a date between the 23rd and the 28th of the present month. The list is subject to correction:

143 Crumby, Bartle R. Hartford, Ark.  
1484 Smith, Walter J. Los Angeles, Calif.  
1484 Goodman, Alma D. Casa Grande, Ariz.  
1499 Monroy, John, Stege, Calif.  
1520 Frey, John, Butte, Mont.  
1551 Hadsall, Tim, Miami.  
1664 Arnold, Jake, Flagstaff, Ariz.  
1721 Gobovith, Milton, Luko, San Pedro, Cal.  
1740 Metz, Edward, Cantrill, Ill.  
1856 Carlee, Arthur Ray, Los Angeles, Calif.  
1859 Dixon, Raymond Allen, Tucson.  
1873 Landryen, Andy, Jerome.  
1995 Anderson, Milton, Newport News, Va.  
1999 Vasquez, Antonio, Douglas.  
2125 Delillo, Joe, Albuquerque, N. M.  
2138 Murchison, Albert Henry, Douglas.  
2206 Burgess, Ben, A., La Grange, Georgia.  
2226 Nelson, Axel, Marquette, Mich.  
2483 Haaverson, Thos. A., Chicago, Ill.  
2526 Meehan, Wm., Douglas.  
2536 Gray, Geo. Wm., Albuquerque, N. M.  
2571 Armendariz, Felix, Douglas.  
2606 McRae, Arthur F., Lowell.  
2678 Sidebotham, Willard, Masters, Tucson.  
2749 West, Sie Archie, Lowell.  
2754 Bell, Wm., Bisbee.  
2761 Westfield, Leo., Longmont, Colorado.  
2765 Noeper, Ben Edward, Bisbee.  
2815 Adcock, Forest, Madisonville, Kentucky.  
2817 Firestone, Henry Leroy, Benson.  
2891 Albin, Harrison L., Douglas.  
2900 Boston, Charles F., San Francisco, Cal.  
2945 Portella, Jos. D., Globe.  
2947 Poling, Ebert G., Salt Lake City.  
2948 Bing, Fong Hong, Wilcox.  
3019 Wilson, Ralph Waldo, Bisbee.  
3019 Yunez, Jose, Tucson.  
3163 Smith, Frank George, Flagstaff.  
3195 Gill, Wm., Warren.  
3267 Haesner, Elio Carl, Dallas, Tex.  
3335 Ruten, Ben, Bowie.  
3337 Hunt, Lemmie Gerald, Deming, N. M.  
3394 McKinney, John, San Antonio, Texas.  
3400 Wain, Jerry Frederick, Pearce.  
3411 Hong, Wong Dow, Tucson.  
3469 Holbrook, Thos. Jefferson, San Angelo, Texas.  
3490 Lagos, Juan, Pirtleville.  
3500 Webb, Lloyd Felix, Warren.  
3546 Joyce, Roy, Norfolk, Va.  
3555 Stefanski, Ella, Bingham Canyon, Utah.  
3557 Morrison, Homer Foster, Gonzales, Texas.  
3571 Bet, Dominick, Lowell.  
3584 Costello, Martin Cecil, Tombstone.  
3588 Harris, Walker Kelly, McAllister, Ariz.  
3589 Kuhn, Jas. Robt., McAllister.  
3596 Kennedy, Ambrose, Light.  
3599 Jackson, Carlisle, San Francisco, Cal.  
3604 Hopson, Linn Bert, Bisbee.  
3773 Cope, Clarence, Foss, Okla.  
3778 Gabovich, Illja Luko, San Pedro, Calif.  
3784 Jenkins, Wallace, Cochise.  
3787 Gorman, J. J., Bisbee.  
3804 Duffin, Guy, Idaho Falls, Idaho.  
3862 Allen, Fred, Naco.  
3877 Murphy Wm., Nor. Ind.  
3885 Hilburn, Fred, Douglas.  
3930 Campbell, P. A., Philadelphia.  
3962 Timmons, Lorenza A., Slaughter, Ky.  
3964 Anglin, Dan, Bisbee.  
3964 Bergquist, A. A., Warren.  
3961 Pott, A. W., San Francisco.  
3966 Coker, B. O., Acme, N. M.  
3981 Bannon, Joe., Douglas.  
3997 Ames, T. H., Douglas.  
3998 McFarland, R. E., Bisbee.  
4007 Mullin, C. N., Bisbee.  
4015 Jung, C., Pearce.  
4025 Vukotich, Milos, Jerome.  
4041 Lacey, R. C., Lowell.  
4047 Johnson, Sterling, Bisbee.  
4055 Hynes, A. D., Oakland, Cal.  
4049 Buchanan, Hugh, Ft. Dodge.  
4077 Chaney, T. A., Lordsburg, N.

I. W. W. GUARDS STIR  
PRISONERS IN CAMP

PHOENIX, April 17.—It was learned today that the prisoners at the state road camp located nine miles out of Clifton, refused to work on account of the many I. W. W. over them. There are about one hundred prisoners at the camp. Captain McCullough, of the guards, was one of the deported men from Bisbee. He was sent to the road camp in the capacity of captain of the guards, who has charge of all the prisoners.

Immediately after Governor Hunt took over the office of governor there were two other friends of McCullough sent there at the same time. There was some report that the men actually are fighting and no one in camp could seem to quiet them. They appealed to Clifton for help, and Dick Franz, who operates a large mercantile business at Clifton, seemed to be the only one who could help settle the dispute.

He went out to camp and he has been forced to stay there for the past three days. It seems that number of labor agitators and I. W. W. who were in the stockades, have been released without a pardon or parole, and the other prisoners thought this an injustice to them. They appealed to the proper authority for just treatment, but received promises which were not kept.

## CATTLE BUYERS CAUGHT BETWEEN TWO REGULATIONS

TUCSON, April 16.—All ports of Mexico are practically closed to cattle exports, as a result of orders of the United States government and of the Mexican government.

United States authorities closed the ports to all persons four days a week. Immediately the Mexican authorities closed their custom houses and entries by declaring that twenty days' notice of desire to enter must be filed by all, excepting Mexicans. This practically shuts out cattle buyers and prevents the exportation of cattle for a period of twenty days, at least, with the possibility that even then buyers may be refused permission to enter.

## SOON TO ISSUE

PHOENIX, April 15.—The call for the special session of the Arizona state legislature is to be issued in a few days.

Governor Hunt, busy yesterday afternoon with mail and other matters which had accumulated during his absence of two weeks from the state, made that announcement.

"The matter of the special session of the legislature will be given my attention now," the governor declared. "I probably will decide upon the date and issue the call within the next three or four days."

Besides the questions of national prohibition and of universal suffrage to be considered at the special session, the governor has declared that he will include in the call the enfranchising of the Arizona soldiers away from the state in camps, cantonments and in foreign countries serving the colors. Information from Washington that the war department had decided that it would impair the military efficiency of the men in France to engage in an election, did not seem to impress the governor.

## M.

4093 Wells, Jefferson, Vallejo, Cal.  
4067 Erzal, Chas., Portage, Penn.  
4099 Gibbons, J. J., Bisbee.  
4106 Soraich, Billy, Butte, Mont.  
4115 Sundry, W. B., Patagonia.  
4121 Goldberg, Peter, Douglas.  
4125 Nelson, Helmer, Warren.  
4129 Engle, Jr., L. A., Bisbee.  
4133 O'Donnell Neil, San Simon.  
4148 McLendon, Ira Hazen, San Simon.  
4155 Rock, John Jos., Florence.  
4154 Freeman, W. F., Bisbee.  
4178 Pecchenino, Anton, Douglas.  
1290 1-2 Short, Wm., Kelton, Ariz.  
15851 1-2 Kelley, L., Douglas.  
22451 1-2 Morrison, R. E., Benson.  
3198 1-2 Carabaro, Sam, Wilcox.  
32131 1-2 Martinez, C., Tombstone.  
3351 1-2 Johnson, O. G., Bisbee.  
4357 1-2 Martinez, A., Tombstone.  
5092 Millett, A. J., Cochise.  
5326 Crawford, D. G., Lowell.

LETTERS FROM  
THE FRONT.

Interesting letters from the boys in training and at the front are being received by Tombstonites and the following two, received yesterday one by F. McAndrews from Capt. V. G. Melgren, with the British forces in France, and the other from B. E. Acre, by Mrs. John Rock: Somewhere in France.

March 18, 1918

Dear Friend:  
Have just completed my first year in the army—somewhat different from my life in America.

Had an opportunity of visiting Glasgow, Edinburgh, London, etc., while on leave in England before crossing the channel. Edinburgh is the most beautiful city it has ever been my good fortune to visit; the different historical places were of much interest to me, especially Edinburgh Castle, Holyrood Palace, St. Giles Cathedral and John Knox house of which one reads so much in history.

Am expecting a leave of absence to Paris, Versailles and Nice shortly which every soldier is entitled to after ten months service in France. Things are not always to one's liking here but we get along remarkably well under the extenuating circumstances.

About all I can tell you about the war is that I have had the pleasure of seeing several "Hun" machines brought down in flames behind our lines. Censorship is rigid therefore you can glean as much out of the newspapers as I would be allowed to tell.

Took a trip to the back area yesterday in search of some fresh eggs, a thing we rarely if ever secure, but finally found an old shell-battered farmhouse and the poor old French lady could mumble just enough broken English, so that between us we managed to carry on a kind of a conversation. Finally made out that she had lived in the damp cellar for nearly fourteen months while the Germans were bombarding the place. It is certainly terrible, the damage wrought by large shells.

Hope you are well and happy—perhaps before long I too will be able to enjoy that fine climate. This war can hardly keep going forever. My address is Corporal B. E. Acre, No. 13 Canadian Light Ry. Operating Co., R. E. B. E. F., France. Do you recognize the Canadian? Best wishes.

B. E. Acre

From the following dispatch it is evident that Mr. B. A. Acre was killed shortly after writing the above letter:

TUCSON, April 14.—Bruce E. Acre, who was for a short time a Southern Pacific train dispatcher here, is dead in France. At the time of his death he was corporal in the 13th Canadian light railway operating company, British expeditionary forces. He was in the Southern Pacific office here for three or four years. Shortly after the sinking of the Lusitania, he went to Canada and joined the Canadian expeditionary forces. His number was 2125359.

## Dear Mac:

How is Mac? I often think of you. I hope you are making out O. K. on the lease.

I am right in the midst of it and it is a continual roar all night long from the big guns. There are two German airplanes over us now trying to drop bombs, but the anti-aircraft guns are booming away and they will beat it. We see them quite often. I am up on the British front. Well, must stop. Drop me a line and give my regards to all the boys.

Sincerely yours,  
CAPT. V. G. MELLGREN,  
Engineers R. C. A. E. F.  
France.

FOR SALE—Ranch 3 miles north of Tombstone, 329 acres patented land; 60 acres cultivated; milk dairy; milk cows; milk dairy stock cattle; work horses; farm implements; 1000-foot well drilling machine in good condition. Address Jas. A. Lamb, Tombstone, Arizona.

COCHISE PIONEER  
VISITS PHOENIX

PHOENIX, April 13.—An interesting and distinguished visitor in Phoenix during the past week was Captain Jack R. Dean, a well known Arizona pioneer. Captain Dean is in Phoenix for the purpose of doing what he can to secure an appointment in the United States army, and being intensely patriotic, he is leaving nothing undone that will assist in his getting into his country's service at this time.

Captain Dean has an interesting early Arizona history. In appearance he is still a very young man, robust and full of enthusiasm and apparently in splendid physical shape for the endurance of very great hardships. He came to Arizona from Nevada, overland in 1879. He rode a pony express from Quail Springs to Stone's Ferry, carrying mail for the government. In the fall of 1879 he first came to Phoenix, from which place he went to Tucson and later to Tombstone where he operated a cattle ranch in the Sulphur Springs valley owned by Tom Jones.

When the Apaches under Geronimo broke out he was ranching with Frank Leslie, better known as Buckskin Frank, in the Swissheim mountains. At the urgent request of Captain Lawton, both Leslie and Dean joined the troops as scouts and guides, remaining in the service of the government until Geronimo surrendered to General Miles at Skeleton canyon. He was 10 miles from Captain Emmet Crawford's command when Captain Crawford was killed by Mexican troops across the line in Mexico, arriving with dispatches just before Captain Crawford died. Lieutenant Marion P. Maus took command and with Tom Horn as interpreter, went into the hostile camp and secured Geronimo's consent to surrender. Lieutenant Maus, Tom Horn and Johnnie Dean, as the captain was then known, and who was said to have been the youngest government scout in the service at that time, were the only white men who visited Geronimo's camp.

CHANGE IN DRAFT PLAN  
IS A BOON TO ARIZONA

PHOENIX, April 16.—To no local draft boards in the country did the news of the action of congress, in basing the future draft quotas on the number of men in Class 1 rather than on state population bring greater relief than those of Arizona.

Other states have large foreign population, but those states, unlike Arizona, have a considerable native population to fill the quotas on the entire population, Arizona with a small population, was being "bled white" in several counties, and the matter of filling the quotas was causing much uneasiness.

"The action of congress in changing the rule came not a minute too early," stated a draft official yesterday. "In some of the counties in this state there was hardly a young man left in Class 1, and still the call came for more men. The new ruling will prevent a great injustice being done this state."

COCONINO TO USE GAS  
TO KILL PRAIRIE DOGS

FLAGSTAFF, April 16.—The Coconino County Farm Improvement association has purchased large quantities of prepared poison and its members have opened a general campaign for the extermination of the prairie dogs. They are using poisoned gas from carbon bisulphide and gas bombs, and the rodents are being slaughtered by thousands.

DESPONDENCY CAUSE  
OF MAN'S SUICIDE

BISBEE, April 13.—Despondent over ill health, E. H. Hillyear, a health seeker from Florida, committed suicide late Wednesday night at his home at the foot of Camelback.

Word was brought to Phoenix yesterday morning when the officers who had been summoned by the family, returned to town. An inquest was held by Coroner Wheeler yesterday afternoon, the verdict of the jury being that Hillyear came to his death by a gunshot wound self-inflicted.

ORDER TO CALL  
NEW DRAFT RECEIVED

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15.—Another draft call for 49,834 registrants has been sent to governors of states by Provost Marshal General Crowder. Mobilization of the men is ordered for May 1 and 19, the war department announced tonight, and they will be sent to eleven forts and recruiting barracks, probably for training with regular army units there.

This call increases to more than 300,000 the number of select men ordered to camps since late in March. Further announcements are expected to follow the return of Secretary Baker from the battle fronts, troops now are moving to Europe at a rapid rate.

Although every state and the District of Columbia are called upon to furnish men under General Crowder's latest order, nearly half of the 49,834 men will come from seven states. Illinois will supply by far the largest number, its quota being 8,947.

These states follow in the order named: Pennsylvania 3,776; New York 3,542; Michigan 2,593; Missouri 2,183; Wisconsin 2,133 and Ohio 2,060. Nevada has the lowest quota, 49; Delaware is next lowest with 87. Wyoming with 92 is the only other state to furnish less than 100 men.

The quotas of other states include: Arizona 318; California 1,187; Colorado 696; Idaho 165; Iowa 1,910; Kansas 1,210; Minnesota 1,925; Montana 354; Nebraska 987; New Mexico 247; North Dakota 581 and Oregon 251; South Dakota 487; Texas 1,694; Utah 168; Washington 434.

The army posts to which the men will go include Fort McDowell, Cal., Fort Logan, Colo., Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and Vancouver Barracks, Washington.

The number of selected men ordered to camp since late in March is far in excess of the monthly average that would have been mobilized under the original plan to call 800,000 men this year over a nine month period. Future calls at the same rate would complete the program before midsummer.

Under President Wilson's determination to hasten the dispatch of American troops to France to reinforce the British and French armies bearing the brunt of the great German drives in Flanders and Picardy, the whole program if the army is speeding up. Only a week ago General Crowder ordered mobilization of 150,000 selected men for April 26, and their movement to the national army cantonments during the five days period following.

OLD TIME CITIZEN  
LEAVES BENSON

BENSON, April 15.—The Benson section is going to lose one of its old-time citizens in the person of W. D. Allen, who leaves this week for New Mexico to take charge of the Glen Land and Cattle Company ranch and cattle interests near Pima Alto. Mr. Allen has bought an interest in the company, which is a large concern with a big range on the headwaters of the Gila river, in a well watered and wooded country to the northeast of Silver City. He has disposed of his interests here except his home town and will devote his entire time to his new venture.

ATWOOD LEAVES TO  
ATTEND CONVENTION

PHOENIX, April 15.—E. M. Atwood, state engineer, has gone to Little Rock, Ark., where he will attend a convention of the United States Good Roads association which is boosting a national highway known as the Bankhead National highway, and which will pass through Arizona on its way from coast to coast.

In promotion of this highway, J. A. Rountree, secretary of the association, was in Phoenix last month interesting the people as to the route of the road through this state. Two routes are in contemplation, one through the northern and one through the southern part of the state.

The convention will last from April 15 to 19. Governor Hunt had been invited to attend, but his call to Washington, from which trip he has just returned, made it impossible for him to attend.

## The NEW DEERE

Light Draft  
SULKY PLOWS

With Quick Detachable Shares

The Best Plow Possible to Make. No Other Plow is so Carefully Made and Finished in All Details

BUY for CASH and save 10 pr. ct.

THEN—Save 10 Per Cent Interest  
YOU WIN—WRITE US TODAY

Benson Lumber & Commercial Co.

BENSON, ARIZONA

## CLASSIFICATION OF

## DRAFTED IS PROBE

PHOENIX, April 18.—The number of registrants in Arizona who have been placed in Class 1 by the various local boards of the state that have thus far reported to the adjutant general is far below the average of other states, and this fact has been brought to the attention of the war department.

The provost marshal general in consequence has protested to the draft officials of this state, and as a result, there may be a re-examination and a re-classification. Class 1 contains those registrants who first are called to join the colors.

Ten counties of Arizona thus far have reported to the office of the adjutant general in Phoenix that they have completely classified the men of registration age in those counties.

Of a total of 24,565 registrants classified in those ten counties, 12,938 have been placed in Class 5. The registrants in this class are mostly aliens and those physically disqualified. Class 5 contains more than 50 per cent of all the men classified in the state.

Of the 11,627 registrants remaining and available for service, only 4,069 of them are placed in Class 1.

The provost marshal general has recently instructed the office of adjutant general in Arizona to inspect the records of the classifications in those counties because he has stated that the number classified in Class 1 is far below the average of other states.

The average for the state of the ten counties thus far classified is 35 per cent in Class 1.

Coconino county has the highest per cent of those classified in Class 1, which is 54 per cent. The lowest is Graham county with 20 per cent. Cochise, Graham and Pinal counties are far below the average for the state of those in Class 1. In Class 5, Cochise county has 2,627, Greenlee, 2,077 and Pinal 1,752. Of those available for duty of the class inducted, Cochise county has 21 per cent in Class 1, Greenlee 40 per cent, and Pinal 23 per cent.

Following is the number of men classified in Class 1 in the ten counties reported: Coconino, 355; Cochise, 585; Greenlee, 326; Graham, 99; Gila, 610; Maricopa, 855; Pinal, 108; Santa Cruz, 124; Yavapai 667; Yuma, 340.

SOUTHWEST MINES TO BE  
DEVELOPED BY U. S. HELP

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—To make the United States independent of the world during war time by encouraging the production of necessary ores, metals and minerals, largely imported in the past, is the purpose of a bill favorably reported today in the house. The measure is intended also to enable the government to conserve the supply, control and distribution, and, if necessary, to fix the price of these materials. This would mean the development of new mines and the extension of old ones. Approved by the secretaries of war, navy, and the interior, the bill was introduced by representative Foster

of Illinois and was reported by the house mines committee, which has conducted hearings on the subject. Mr. Foster is chairman of that committee.

## Project Unanimously Endorsed

"Practically every man who appeared before the committee endorsed the bill," the committee reported, "your committee believes that if proper encouragement is given the producers of these products, most of them can be developed in our own country for our own needs, for the army and navy and or necessities in civil life."

"We know that our country is now short on pyrites, which is so necessary for making sulphuric acid. Pyrites have been imported from Spain and ships have been necessary to carry this important ore. They must now be relieved. We should and can develop our own supply of pyrites. It will require about 9,000,444 tons of sulphuric acid annually to meet our needs in the manufacture of munitions."

## Southwest Has These Ores

The report also dealt with manganese, now imported from Brazil, chromium and sulphur. It added:

"Tungsten is necessary in making hardened steel and it is believed that sufficient quantity can be secured in this country. Colorado has a considerable quantity and its full development should be encouraged. Texas and Louisiana have large amounts of sulphur, and probably the purest in the world. (Arizona and New Mexico has pyrites and manganese and Arizona has produced some tungsten.)"

"All these minerals are necessary in war, and the government ought to have the right to control them if it is deemed best for the prosecution of the war and our industries at home."

"This bill provides that the government may guarantee a fixed price for two years, so that the operator and producer may be assured of a reasonable profit for a fixed time. It is believed that we cannot get a full production of some of these minerals without this guarantee."

"Pope Yeatsman, of the war industries board, says consumers are already trying to control and to get hold of all importations. This should not be permitted and the government should see that an equitable distribution is made."

Food administrator Hoover strongly endorsed this bill.

PATRIOTIC JUDGE FINES TWO  
MEN FOR UTTERING REMARKS

The justice of the peace in Johnson recently fined two persons \$25 each for interfering with and uttering disparaging remarks about the Red Cross society.

The "camp" of Johnson is not often heard from and it seems that not many know that it is on the map but it is a typical western mining camp, fast forging to the front, loyal to the core, has many "over there" and has a great future before it.